

AUSTRALIA - WEST COAST SHOAL POINT

SCALE 1 : 25 000

SOUNDING DATUM
6.701m below P.W.D. BM A883. Depths and Tidal Information are reduced to Sounding Datum which is approximately Lowest Low Water.

DEPTHS
Depths are in metres and decimetres, reduced to Sounding Datum.

HEIGHTS
All are in metres. Underlined figures are drying heights above sounding datum. All other heights are above Mean Higher High Water.

PROJECTION
Transverse Mercator. Positions are related to the Australian Map Grid, Zone 50, based on AGD 84.

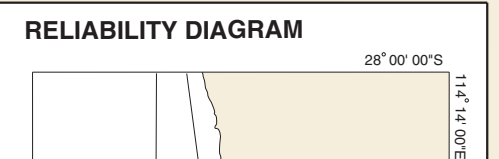
SOUNDINGS
From Department of Transport surveys of 1986 and 1987, and Royal Australian Navy surveys of 1985.

NOTE TO CHART USERS
The information provided on this chart is subject to change. All such changes of a safety or navigational nature will be promulgated.

RESTRICTIONS ON USE
This chart is not corrected, prior to sale, for R.A.N. Hydrographic Office Notice to Mariners.

TIDAL INFORMATION

HAT	MHHW	MLHW	MSL	MHLW	MLLW	LAT
1.51	1.12	0.81	0.84	0.78	0.60	0.22



LEEUEWIN CURRENT

The Leeuewin Current is most predominant during May - August with a surface current generally less than 1.0kn. It has an average width of 30 nautical miles and extends to a depth of approximately 200 metres, carrying warm, low salinity water from the North West Shelf area along the continental shelf south to Cape Leeuewin and then east into the Great Australian Bight. For details of currents generally, refer to R.A.N. Australia Pilot Vol 1.

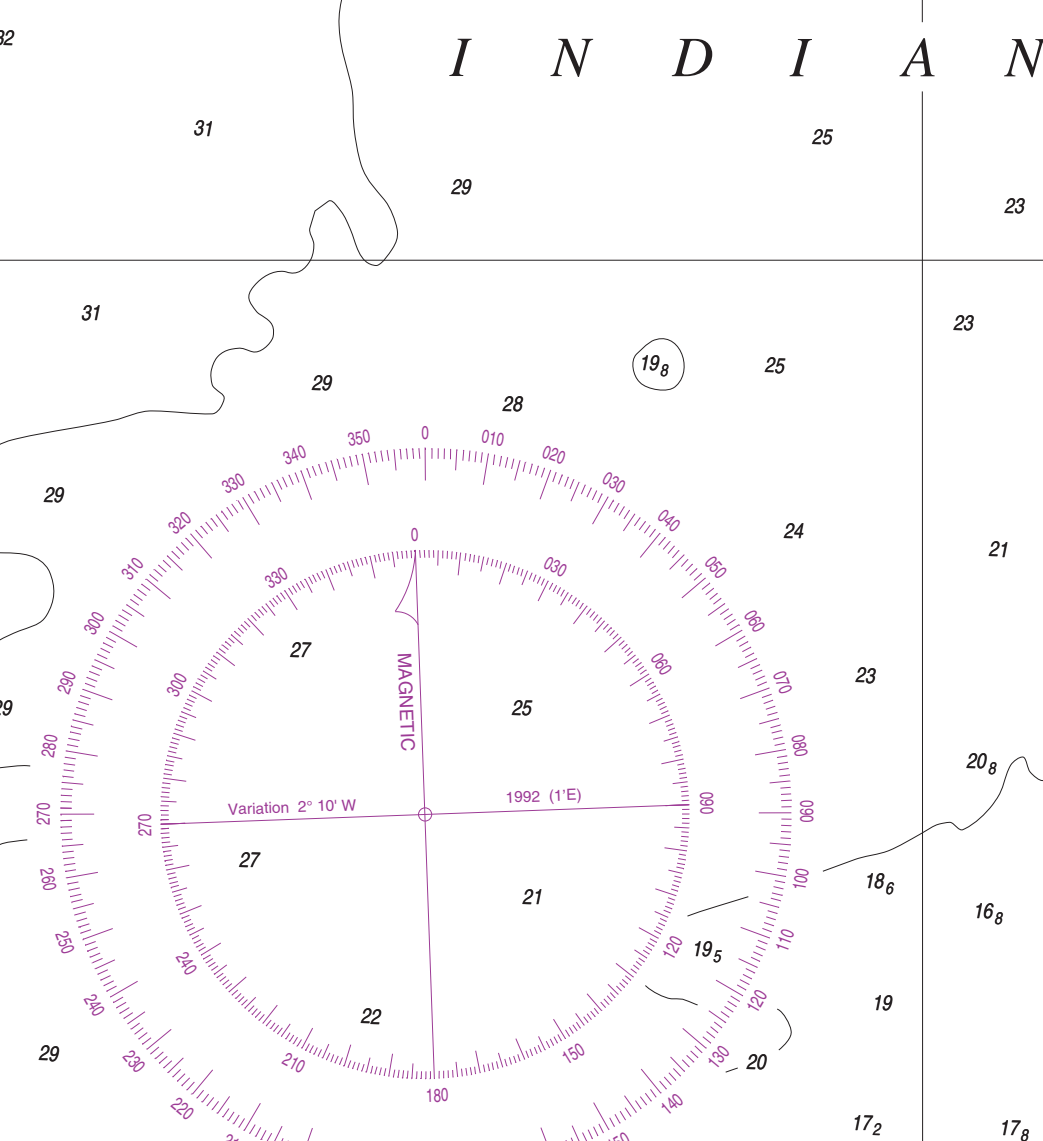
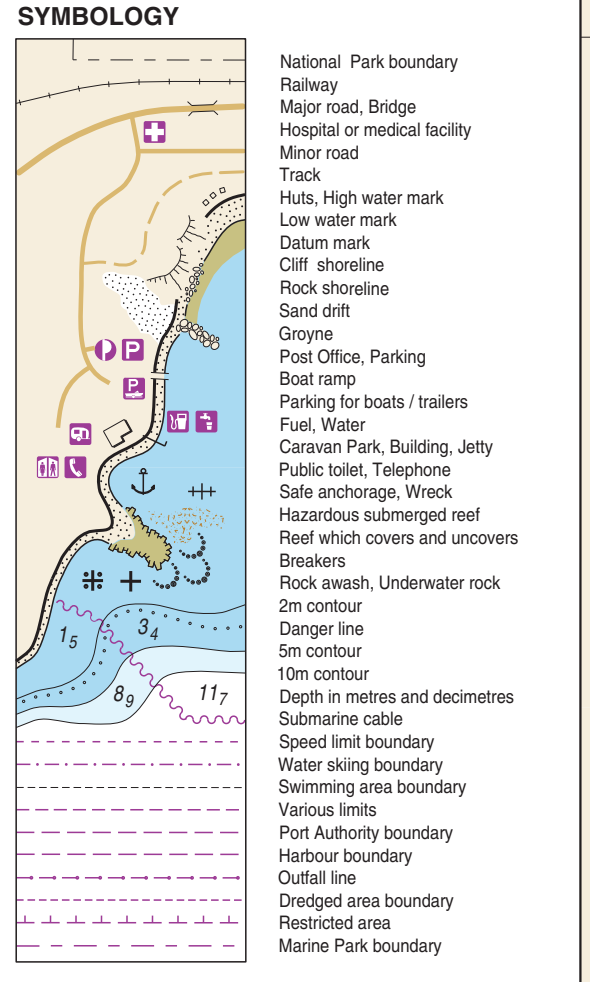
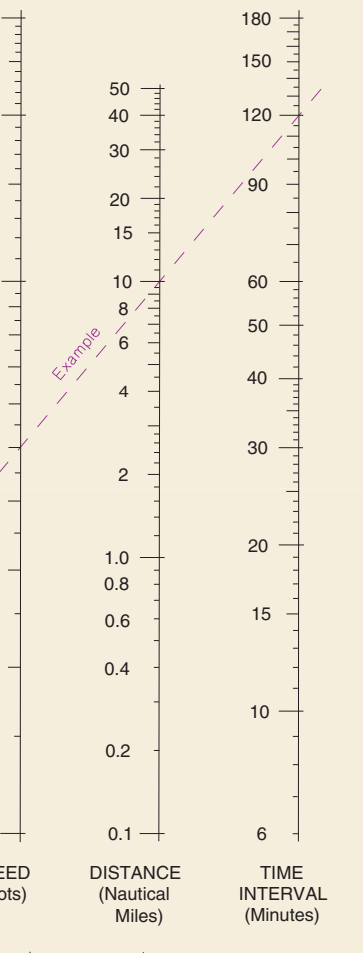
ROCK LOBSTER FISHERY

Between November and June, extensive lobster fishing takes place between latitude 24° S and 34° S. Mariners are advised to keep well clear of lobster pot floats and submerged lines.

- KEY TO SYMBOLS**
- 480 Obsolete part of soundings line (metres)
 - L Lead line depths
 - E Echo sounder depths
 - O Optical position fixing
 - Z Electronic position fixing
 - S Sonar sweep
- Authorities**
- A Department of Transport
 - B Royal Australian Navy

SPEED - DISTANCE - TIME LOGARITHMIC NOMOGRAM

To find Speed, Distance or Time Interval, draw a line through any two factors, then interpolate for the unknown factor.
Example: A distance of 10 nautical miles in 120 minutes means a speed of 5 knots.



WARNING
During moderate swell seas may break over depths of about 6m.

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See WA 713

