Community Information Sheet
Carnarvon Boat Harbour
2019/20 Cyclone Season

CYCLONE WARNINGS
Bureau of Meteorology (BoM) issues Tropical Cyclone (TC) Advice whenever a TC is expected to cause winds in excess of 62 km/h (gale force) over land. A TC Advice may be a Watch and/or a Warning, depending on when and where the gales are expected to develop.

For ongoing information from BoM during Tropical Cyclone periods refer to:

Recorded Cyclone Warning Service: 1300 659 210

Department of Fire and Emergency Services (DFES) will release a Cyclone Community Alert to keep people informed and safe. Alert Levels change to reflect the increasing risk to life and advises what you need to do before, during and after a cyclone. DFES issues the following cyclone alerts, Blue, Yellow, Red and All Clear. (see reverse side)

Internet: https://www.emergency.wa.gov.au/

NOTES
1. This plan is not to be used for navigation. Use Department of Transport nautical chart Carnarvon WA982.
2. Positions on this plan are related to the Map Grid of Australia, Zone 49, based on the Geodetic Datum of Australia (GDA 94). For GPS use, this approximates WGS 84.
3. Sounding Datum is Lowest Astronomical Tide (LAT) 2009 which is 0.96m below AHD (2007).
5. The waters of this boat harbour, and its approaches, form part of a declared Shipping and Pilotage Act Port. Vessel operators are also subject to controls and directions by the Shipping and Pilotage Act appointed Harbour Master.

KEY CONTACTS NUMBERS
Cyclone Control/Coordination
Office hours: P: 9216 8234
M: 0407 993 831
After hours: M: 0472 843 288
M: 0436 916 047

During a Cyclone “RED ALERT”: (DFES SES Geraldton)
P: 9956 6000
M: 13 3337

WA Police Carnarvon:
P: 9941 7333
M: 0436 916 047
Shire of Carnarvon emergency manager:
P: 9941 0000
M: 0448 081 637
All emergencies:
P: 000

SIGNIFICANT HEIGHTS
3.9m T Jetty Deck
2.7m Land Backed Wharf
2.1m Snapper Jetty Deck
2.0m HAT
1.5m MHWS
1.3m MHWN
1.0m Mean Sea Level
1.0m AHD
0.9m MLWN
0.6m MHWS
0.0m LAT

DISCLAIMER & ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
The information contained in this publication is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate at time of publication. The State shall in no way be liable for any loss sustained or incurred by anyone relying on the information. This information in no way takes away the responsibilities of a Vessel’s Master.

This Community Information Sheet has been prepared for community safety advice to preserve life and property. The support of the reader is crucial to the effectiveness in protecting life, property and the environment.
# Tropical Cyclone - Community Information Sheet

## Carnarvon Boat Harbour – 2019/20 Cyclone Season

### 1. Purpose of the Community Information Sheet

This Community Information Sheet has been developed to assist users of the Carnarvon Boat Harbour during the period leading up to, the impact of and recovery from, a Tropical Cyclone. It is important that commercial and recreational boat users are well prepared and meet their Legislative requirements in having their own Cyclone Contingency Plans in place.

The Department of Transport (DoT) has a number of preparedness, response and recovery arrangements, including DoT Cyclone Management Plans to manage the impact of a Tropical Cyclone on its facilities.

### 2. Activation of the DoT Cyclone Management Plan

This DoT Cyclone Management Plan will be activated once a Cyclone Watch or Warning has been issued for the Carnarvon area by the Bureau of Meteorology (BoM). This activation is an internal process of the DoT.

### 3. DoT Appointed Harbour Coordinator

An authorised DoT Harbour Coordinator will be appointed on the issue of a “BLUE ALERT”, who will initiate cyclone preparedness actions for the Carnarvon Boat Harbour, including some involving harbour users.

### 4. Communication Mediums

While the DoT will not be providing scheduled radio broadcasts (in line with industry consultation) frequencies will be monitored, while practical, through several local sources including:

- **HF 4125 kHz for 3 minute silent period only**
- **VHF Channel 16, 73 & 81**
- **4620 kHz (Fishing Channel)**
- **27MHz Channel 88**
- **4535 kHz (Sea Harvest)**
- **VHF 74 Fishing**

A 24 hour, 7 day/week HF service operates from the Water Police Coordination Centre that monitors the 4125, 6215 and 8291 kHz distress and calling frequencies. This service covers WA coastal waters within 200 nautical miles offshore. The closest transceiver is at Port Hedland and the call sign is “Coast Radio Hedland”.

Key Contacts listing can be seen on the reverse side of this Sheet.

### 5. Responsibilities of Masters and Owners of Vessels

The information contained within this Community Information Sheet in no way replaces the existing legal obligations of owners and masters of vessels, nor does it seek to over-ride the responsibilities of a Master to take appropriate precautions for the safety of the crew, or to interfere with the Master’s independent discretion.

In general terms, Vessel Owners or Masters should undertake the following tasks in order to prevent or minimise damage by ensuring:

- Mooring lines are strong enough, are not chaffed and are correctly tensioned.
- All Biminis and canopies should be removed.
- Roller jibs and mainsails furled to booms should be removed or securely tied to prevent them coming loose.
- All equipment such as dinghies should be removed from the decks and stored below or ashore or securely fastened.
- All running rigging on yachts is tight and securely fastened.
- Check that adequate fendering is in place on boats and that these are correctly located.
- Ensure that the length of the boat moored in each berth is no longer than the length designated for that berth.

### 6. Limited Number of Mooring Pens and Mooring Positions

It is important to recognise that the Carnarvon Boat Harbour has a limited number of mooring pens and mooring positions. Every effort will be made to maximise the use of the Carnarvon Boat Harbour, however Masters should be prepared (as part of their own Cyclone Contingency Plan) to seek alternate shelter if necessary.

Please note that the Carnarvon Boat Harbour cannot guarantee to provide secure shelter and safety for vessels and crews in all weather and storm surge conditions.

### 7. Cyclone Emergency Welfare (Evacuation) Centre

There are no suitable onshore Cyclone rated shelters at the Carnarvon Boat Harbour for crew during a Cyclone and all crews must relocate to suitable shore based accommodation or the Shire of Carnarvon Evacuation Centre. The Shire of Carnarvon Evacuation Centre is located at the Carnarvon Civic Centre at 21 Robinson Street opposite the Post Office. Crews should bring clothing, toiletries and other personal effects with them to the evacuation centre to assist local emergency management arrangements.

### 8. Tidal Storm Surge

Harbour users need to be aware that a significant positive storm surge may result from the extreme meteorological effects of a Tropical Cyclone. Storm surge may be exacerbated when a Cyclone impacts on a coastal community in conjunction with high tide. Masters of a Vessel need to factor in the effects of storm surge when mooring and preparing their Vessel.

### 9. Cyclone Mooring Arrangements

Mooring priority will be given to vessels covered by an existing mooring agreement. Please refer to DoT Harbour Coordinator for mooring availability.

Mooring immediately adjacent to the Sea Harvest Wharf are managed by Sea Harvest. To ascertain the availability of any spare Sea Harvest harbour moorings, masters should contact the company direct.

A Cyclone Mooring Guideline has been prepared by the DoT, and is available, to be read in conjunction with this Community Information Sheet. The Cyclone Mooring Guideline for Carnarvon Harbour can be obtained from the DoT Carnarvon Office or at the following web address: https://www.transport.wa.gov.au/marine/boating-emergencies-and-incidents.aspx#28092

All vessels which have dedicated moorings/berthage should be securely moored at least 24 hours before forecasted Gale Force winds.

### 10. Masters and Owners Actions during Alerts and Warnings

**BoM Declares Tropical Cyclone WATCH or WARNING**

- Initiate actions in line with vessel or Company cyclone contingency plan.

**DFES-SES “BLUE ALERT” Declared**

- If en route to Carnarvon, establish/ maintain contact with the Harbour Coordinator.
- Plan to be secured in the harbour at least 24 hours before predicted Gale Force winds.
- Ensure vessel has been adequately moored.
- Ensure sufficient fuel on board to clear the harbour after the Cyclone for a return journey.
- Secure all equipment and/or remove the equipment from the harbour precinct.

**DFES SES “YELLOW ALERT” Declared**

- Ensure vessel and area of responsibility have been secured.
- Relocate to the Shire of Carnarvon – Evacuation Centre or make other suitable arrangements.

**DFES SES “RED ALERT” Declared**

There are no actions defined during this phase of ALERT and appropriate rated shelter should be used for your own safety and observe standard DFES SES guidelines and procedures for a Tropical Cyclone.

**DFES-SES “ALL CLEAR”**

- Extreme caution is to be taken in the post impact phase of a Cyclone both on land and on the water and where hazards or damage is observed it is to be reported to the Harbour Coordinator.
- When leaving the harbour from a berth or a dedicated cyclone mooring extreme caution is to be exercised as navigation aids may be displaced or missing and there could be additional floating/submerged hazards.

**Note:** Masters and Owners must consider their own “DUTY OF CARE” responsibilities to remain safe, to protect people, property and the environment.

This Community Information Sheet is available online from the Department of Transport at the following web address: https://www.transport.wa.gov.au/marine/boating-emergencies-and-incidents.aspx#28092
CYCLONE MOORING GUIDELINES

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8.1 General

Cyclones have wind gusts in excess of 62 km/h around their centres and, in the most severe cyclones, gusts can exceed 280 km/h. Cyclone Advices are prepared by the Bureau of Meteorology (BoM) with the severity of a Cyclone being described in terms of categories ranging from 1 to 5 related to the zone of maximum winds.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category of Tropical Cyclone</th>
<th>Strongest 3 second Gust (km/h)</th>
<th>Typical Effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Less than 125 km/h Gales</td>
<td>Minimal house damage. Damage to some crops, trees and caravans. Boats may drag moorings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>125 - 164 km/h Destructive winds</td>
<td>Minor house damage. Significant damage to signs, trees and caravans. Heavy damage to some crops. Risk of power failure. Small boats may break moorings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>165 - 224 km/h Very destructive winds</td>
<td>Some roof and structural damage. Some caravans destroyed. Power failure likely.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>225 - 279 km/h Very destructive winds</td>
<td>Significant roofing and structural damage. Many caravans destroyed and blown away. Dangerous airborne debris. Widespread power failures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>More than 280 km/h Extremely destructive winds</td>
<td>Extremely dangerous with widespread destruction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1: Description of cyclone categories

The pens and mooring facilities in Carnarvon have been designed for winds generated by cyclonic conditions in accordance with the Australian Wind Loading Code AS1170.2, and with the length of vessel in each berth equal to or less than the designed length.

The Snapper Jetty Pens, T Jetty Pens and Bickley Wharf moorings have been designed for a thirty second gust wind speed of 69m/sec which is equivalent to a Category 5 cyclone.

The Shore Mooring pens have been designed for a thirty second gust wind speed of 38m/sec which is equivalent to a Category 2 cyclone. This wind speed could be exceeded in a Category 3, 4 or 5 Cyclone.

8.1.1 General Mooring Information

It is important to recognise that the Carnarvon Boat Harbour has a limited number of mooring pens and mooring positions. Every effort will be made to maximise the use of the
harbour, however Masters should be prepared (as part of their own cyclone contingency plan) to seek alternate shelter if necessary.

The harbour cannot guarantee to provide secure shelter and safety for vessels and crews in all weather and storm surge conditions. Furthermore, there are no suitable onshore shelters at the harbour for crew during a cyclone.

All vessels which have dedicated moorings at the Sea Harvest Fishing Company Wharf, Snapper Jetty, T Jetty, Shore Mooring Pens or Bickley Wharf should be securely moored at least 24 hours before predicted Gale Force winds. DoT owns and manages the Snapper Jetty, Shore Mooring Pens, T Jetty and Bickley Wharf.

The Masters of vessels shall be responsible for ensuring:

- Vessel is adequately secured for cyclonic conditions;
- Mooring lines are serviceable,
- Mooring lines are of adequate capacity for the anticipated line loads,
- Mooring lines, to the extent practicable, are set to allow for the likely range in the water level, and
- Anchor points on the vessel will take the line loads without failing.

Mooring lines need to be of adequate strength, not chaffed and correctly tensioned. The mooring lines and arrangement must be in accordance with the boat manufacture’s recommendation. **Minimum Recommended Mooring Arrangements** are bow and stern lines plus spring lines.

Other actions include:

- Roller jibs and mainsails furled to booms should be removed or securely tied to prevent them coming loose.
- All equipment such as dinghies should be removed from the decks and stored below or ashore or securely fastened.
- All running rigging on yachts to be tight and securely fastened.
- Adequate fendering to be in place on boats and correctly located.

**The Bow and Stern Line Loads listed in Tables in the following sections are Minimum Ultimate Loads for severe cyclonic winds. A minimum Factor of Safety of 3 should be applied when selecting mooring lines (based on Breaking Load).**

This is to allow for those factors which degrade the load capacity of mooring lines (abrasion, knots, over-stress, age, temperature, end of line configuration, etc).

**Tidal Storm Surge**

Harbour users need to be aware that a significant positive storm surge may coincide with a high astronomical tide to result in an extreme water level. The effect of storm surge is most severe when these extreme meteorological events occur in conjunction with high tide. It is reasonable to expect a positive tidal storm surge to result in a water level above the deck levels of some jetties. For example during Cyclone Hazel (14 March 1979) the water level
observed was 2.6 metres above Chart Datum, which was 0.5 metres above the height of the Snapper Jetty.

If practicable, the Harbour Coordinator will monitor any significant surge.

8.2 Mooring Arrangements by Pens

8.2.1 Snapper Jetty Pens

The Snapper Jetty Pens have been designed for a 30 second wind gust speed of 69 m/sec which equates to a Category 5 Cyclone. These wind speeds could be exceeded in the event of a Category 5 Cyclone. The pens are suitable for vessels up to 15 m LOA.

**Minimum Recommended Mooring Arrangements** are bow and stern lines plus spring lines.

Based on the recommendation above the likely line loads under severe cyclonic winds for single vessels moored in dedicated pens at the Snapper T Jetty are given in Table 2 below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VESSEL SIZE LOA (m)</th>
<th>TOTAL SIDE WIND LOAD (Tonnes)</th>
<th>BOW/STERN LINE LOADS FOR VARIOUS LINE ANGLES (a)</th>
<th>TOTAL BOW WIND LOAD (Tonnes)</th>
<th>BOW/STERN LINE LOADS FOR VARIOUS LINE ANGLES (a)</th>
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Table 2: Approximate Line Loads for vessels moored in the Snapper Jetty Pens when subject to a Category 5 Cyclone

8.2.2 Shore Mooring Pens

These pens are located between the Snapper Jetty and the T Head Jetty. They comprise 5 x 12 m pens on the southern side, 4 x 15m pens plus 1 x 20 m pen on the northern side. These pens were constructed approximately 30 years ago. In the opinion of DoT the larger pens are only capable of withstanding cyclonic wind loads from Category 1 Cyclones while the smaller pens are capable of withstanding wind loads from a Category 2 Cyclone.

**Minimum Recommended Mooring Arrangements** are bow and stern lines plus spring lines.

Based on the recommendation above the likely line loads under severe cyclonic winds for single vessels moored in dedicated pens at the Shore Mooring Pens are given in Table 3 below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VESSEL SIZE LOA (m)</th>
<th>TOTAL SIDE WIND LOAD (Tonnes)</th>
<th>BOW/STERN LINE LOADS FOR VARIOUS LINE ANGLES (a)</th>
<th>TOTAL BOW WIND LOAD (Tonnes)</th>
<th>BOW/STERN LINE LOADS FOR VARIOUS LINE ANGLES (a)</th>
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<td>21</td>
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<td>15</td>
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Table 3: Approximate Line Loads for vessels moored in the Shore Mooring Pens when subject to a Category 5 Cyclone
8.2.3 T Jetty Pens

The T Jetty Pens are suitable for vessels up to 21 m in length and are designed to withstand winds associated with a Category 5 cyclone.

**Minimum Recommended Mooring Arrangements** are bow and stern lines plus spring lines.

Based on the recommendation above the likely line loads under severe cyclonic winds for single vessels moored in dedicated pens at the T Jetty are given in Table 4 below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VESSEL SIZE LOA (m)</th>
<th>TOTAL SIDE WIND LOAD (Tonnes)</th>
<th>BOW/STERN LINE LOADS FOR VARIOUS LINE ANGLES (°)</th>
<th>TOTAL BOW WIND LOAD (Tonnes)</th>
<th>BOW/STERN LINE LOADS FOR VARIOUS LINE ANGLES (°)</th>
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<td>30    45  60  75</td>
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<td>17    12    10    9</td>
<td>5     3      3    5    9</td>
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<td>21    15    12    11</td>
<td>5     3      4    5    9</td>
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*Table 4: Approximate Line Loads for vessels moored in the T Jetty Mooring Pens when subject to a Category 5 Cyclone*

8.3 Bickley Wharf

Mooring facilities at the Bickley wharf comprise bollards on the wharf, two (2) cyclone mooring dolphins and one (1) mooring buoy located on the eastern bank.

It is assumed that vessels will moor stern-to at the wharf with stern lines attached to the bollards and bow lines attached to the mooring dolphins and/or the bollards on the western part of the wharf or to the mooring buoy. Vessel Masters are responsible for their own mooring configurations.

Line loads under extreme cyclonic conditions for various mooring configurations shown in Figure 1 are given in Table 5. These are to be used as a guide only. Vessels rafted up in two or three vessel mooring configurations will result in the lee side vessels being shielded to a degree under the action of side winds.
### Figure 1 Schematic mooring configurations for the Bickley Wharf

**SINGLE VESSEL MOORINGS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VESSEL SIZE LOA (m)</th>
<th>TOTAL SIDE WIND LOAD (Tonnes)</th>
<th>BOW/STERN LINE LOADS FOR VARIOUS LINE ANGLES (°)</th>
<th>TOTAL BOW WIND LOAD (Tonnes)</th>
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**TWO VESSEL MOORINGS**

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<th>VESSEL SIZE LOA (m)</th>
<th>TOTAL SIDE WIND LOAD (Tonnes)</th>
<th>BOW/STERN LINE LOADS FOR VARIOUS LINE ANGLES (°)</th>
<th>TOTAL BOW WIND LOAD (Tonnes)</th>
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**Three Vessel Moorings**

**Side Wind**

**BOW/WIND**

**BOW/STERN LINE LOADS FOR VARIOUS LINE ANGLES (°)**

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**BOW/STERN LINE LOADS FOR VARIOUS LINE ANGLES (°)**

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<td>VESSEL SIZE LOA (m)</td>
<td>TOTAL SIDE WIND LOAD (Tonnes)</td>
<td>BOW/STERN LINE LOADS FOR VARIOUS LINE ANGLES ($\alpha$)</td>
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Table 5 Typical Mooring Line Loads for various mooring configurations at Bickley wharf in Category 5 Cyclonic conditions